

Key Stage Three English - Unit Overview

Year 7 – Summer – 'Man vs nature'

Enrichment – Man vs nature

- Resourcing – available in J:Drive – created by WA



Unit rationale

- 1. This unit will allow for students to explore some poetry from the Romantic Genre and how nature has changed throughout time. This will help prepare them for GCSE study. Students will also have an opportunity to compare poems, write their own nature related stories and engage with wider issues our society faces.
 - i. Extending and consolidating the following writing skills:
 - Adapting and crafting writing for greater effects, emulating
 Romantic generic features and applying language features learnt.
 - Developing the skill of editing and re-editing
 - **ii. Providing pupils with extended reading opportunities**, with a range of different poems as well as non-fiction, including modern activists such as David Attenborough and Greta Thunberg.
 - iii. Extending and consolidating core reading strategies: questioning, predicting, clarifying and summarising. Modelling skimming and scanning to develop further reading independence.
 - iv. Providing pupils with spoken language opportunities: This will take place in a group setting to prepare students for their Spoken Language endorsement in Year 9.
 - v. Introduction to comparison

 Early on in the unit, students will compare their first two poems: London by Blake and Composed Upon Westminster Bridge, Wordworth.

Assessment

Teacher assessed

Peer assessed

Unit outcome:

Students will be asked to complete a group speech, whereby they plan, prepare and speak in front of the whole class. The students will assess how students' structure, organise and use devices to engage their audience. This will be given as a group mark.

Informal assessment and low-stakes testing:

- Students are to be encouraged to self and peer assess their writing throughout the unit on a regular basis. Success criteria to be made available by teachers.
- Students are to use their

	The teacher will assess individually	knowledge organisers for the unit	
	how the students use intonation and	to develop core knowledge	
	engage with questions from their	retention and learn the unit's key	
	audience.	vocabulary in order for it to be	
		applied independently.	
Core knowledge	'Writing knowledge':		
	Crafting of language (beginning to developing writing further, with an emphasis		
	on 'crafting in Y8) – useful to revisit for final Y7 exam:		
	Choosing the best word available		
	Metaphors, similes, perso	onification	
	Implicit description (shown)	w not tell)	
	2. Key poetic terms (language and structure – see KO)		
	3. Romantic generic features, including	g context (see KO)	
Core skills	Application of 'writing knowledge' independently including drafting and		
	redrafting		
	Application of core reading strong	ategies independently: starting to zoom in on	
	small details to formulate interpretations		
Key Questions for	 Making comparisons between What is the Romantic genre? 	texts	
the Unit	_		
	How do writers use structure to make their poetry effective?What impact do individual words have?		
	 What impact do individual work How do writers create mood? 	us Havey	
	 How does meaning and mood change when I change my vocabulary choices? 		
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Key vocabulary	Unit vocabulary - tier 2 words:	2. Unit terminology:	
	1. Melancholy	1. Stanza	
	2. Spontaneous	2. Mood/tone	
	3. Sublime	3. Quatrain	
	4. Logical	4. Juxtaposition	
	5. Evoke	5. Simile/metaphor/personification	
	6. Innocence	6. Sonnet	
	7. Monologue	7. lambic Pentameter	
	8. Anarchy	8. Hyperbole	
	9. Usurp	9. Alliteration	
	10. Annotate	10. Enjambment	
		11. Caesura	
		12. Personification.	

Homework	Knowledge organisers to prepare for in class quizzes.	
opportunities	 Bedrock learning will be set each week to encourage vocabulary acquisition and grammatical mastery. 	
Wider English	Reading – consolidating and encouraging independence with these	
curriculum links	strategies will establish the core skills needed across the curriculum,	
	developing 'good readers.' Links to poetry at GCSE	
	Writing – consolidating poetic terms through use to ensure full	
	comprehension. Opportunities for creative writing response.	
	Spoken language – students will have the opportunity to engage with a	
	range of persuasive devices to engage an audience.	