

Key Stage Three English Overview – King Edward VI School 2024-25

Department Vision:

- > Nurture a true love for literature by exposing students to a diverse range of texts, forms and genres.
- > Develop students' critical thinking skills, creating literary critics.
- > Develop discussion skills and create eloquent speakers.
- Prepare pupils for the demands of GCSE specifications by equipping them with essential knowledge and skills, whilst also building upon prior learning at Key Stage 2.
- Provide pupils with the reading and writing knowledge and skills needed for later life, revisiting essential knowledge and skills systematically.

Reading Aims:

- To expose pupils to a wide range of fiction and non-fiction, including whole books, short stories, poems and plays with a wide coverage of genres, historical periods, forms and authors.
- > To retrieve precise information from texts to support points of view.
- To develop a range of reading skills, creating critical readers (e.g. skimming, scanning, synthesising, summarising, evaluating and developing a personal response).
- > To develop inference skills, looking for hidden layers of meanings.
- > To develop vocabulary through reading.
- > To comment on the effects of vocabulary and language.
- > To comment on the effects of structural features.



Intent

 Curriculum design, coverage and appropriateness

Implementation

- Curriculum delivery
- Teaching (pedagogy)
- Assessment (formative and summative)

Impact

Quality of

education

- Attainment (qualifications and assessments)
- Progress
- Knowledge and skill development
- Destinations

- > To apply linguistic and grammatical terminology, and their effects, where appropriate.
- > To consider authorial intent within texts, considering the impact upon the reader or audience.
- > To relate texts to their contexts, as well as considering the significance of this context.
- > To make critical comparisons between texts.

Writing Aims:

- > To write accurately, fluently, effectively and at length.
- > To write for specific audiences, purposes and forms.
- > To adapt and amend writing for different audiences, purposes, forms and contexts.
- > To adapt writing in order to enhance meaning, clarity and impact.
- > To use punctuation accurately and to enhance the impact of writing.
- > To use a variety of sentence lengths to enhance the impact of writing.
- > To use a variety of sentence openings and structures to enhance the impact of writing.
- > To use paragraphs and structural devices consistently, organising information for effect.
- > To use a range of vocabulary to enhance the impact of writing.
- > To use linguistic devices for clarity, effect and purpose.
- > To develop proofreading and drafting skills.
- > To develop spelling in line with national guidelines.

Spoken Language Aims:

- > To speak confidently and effectively.
- > To express ideas with clarity and precision.

- > To listen to alternative points of view and build upon what has been said.
- > To use Standard English confidently in a range of formal and informal settings.
- > To participate in a range of spoken contexts with confidence: structured discussions/debates, short speeches/presentations and improvised contexts.
- To experiment with and discuss how language can be altered (intonation, tone, volume, mood, silence and pitch) in order to generate alternative meanings and impacts.

KS3 Unit Chronology:

- > Each unit has a detailed overview outlining its aims and essential content coverage.
- Assessment: not all units will be formally assessed. We will continue to formally assess the 'main unit' in Autumn and Spring. In the final term a separate assessment will be set in line with the whole school exam week for Years 7-9. This assessment will measure pupils' progress against the core knowledge and skills outlined across the year there will be a reading and writing section.

	Autumn 2023 (7+7)	Spring 2024 (6+6)	Summer 2024 (6+7)
7	Storytelling	Myths, Legends and Biblical Allusions	Shakespeare and The Natural World
	Main	Main	Main
	Focus: The Hobbit	Focus: Frankenstein (Pullman's play with extracts	Focus: a KS3 introduction to Shakespeare and
	Core knowledge/skills: consolidating and	from the novel)	his comedies
	extending core writing and reading	Core knowledge/skills: developing inference skills,	Core knowledge/skills: an understanding of the
	skills/strategies (transition priorities)	developing accurate and judicious retrieval,	genre's conventions, Shakespeare's life and
	Outcome:	building resilience surrounding 19 th century	times, and equipping pupils with reading
	Teacher Assessed - pupils apply their	vocabulary, learning key dramatic terms and key	strategies
	consolidated and extended writing skills to	events in the 19 th century	Outcome: Teacher Assessed - Pupils to
	create an episode of fantasy writing	Outcome:	consolidate their work on plays from
		Teacher Assessed - an analysis of the Monster in Act	Frankenstein and Shakespeare's comedies by
	Teacher Assessed – Reading Assessment –	3	writing a script
	knowledge and skills of inference/analysis	Curriculum Mapping	Curriculum mapping
	 Curriculum mapping Introduce hubris through characterisation of Bilbo Baggins Tracking character development Methods of characterisation Introduce symbolism Motif of fire Structure – Freytag narrative structure Literacy foci: Sentence structures Basic punctuation accuracy Sentence openings - prepositions 	 Embed understanding of hubris through exploration of Frankenstein Methods of characterisation – including stage directions Codes and conventions of play scripts Tracking character development (The Monster) Conventional gothic features 19th century context: Literary - gothic /social and historical – science v religion (original sin) Literacy foci: 	 Conventions of comedy Hubris – Prospero, Bottom etc. Characterisation – stock characters Elizabethan/Jacobean social, historical context Poetic conventions: blank verse, couplets etc. Codes and conventions of scripts – minimal stage directions Content A Midsummer Night's Dream The Tempest
		 Punctuation for effect – dashes etc 	Much Ado About Nothing
	<u>Enrichment</u>		Twelfth Night
	Focus: Old and Middle English	Enrichment	

Core knowledge/skills: further opportunities for	Focus: myths, legends and biblical allusions –	Enrichment
pupils to apply and consolidate core reading	making connections between texts	Focus: The natural World: man vs nature
strategies from the main unit. A focus on texts as	Core knowledge/skills: provide pupils with a	Core knowledge/skills: key poetic terms, a
constructions – the moral nature of storytelling.	grounding in core myths, legends and biblical	framework for analysing poetry and an
Further opportunities for pupils to apply writing	allusions drawn upon in literary texts. Develop	understanding of key Romantic themes.
skills from the main unit	personal response whilst reading and developing	Descriptive writing skills also revisited (in line wit
Outcome: Peer-assessed - pupils apply their	judicious retrieval skills. Further opportunities for pupils to apply writing skills from the Autumn term	final Y7 exam writing task) Outcome: Teacher Assessed - pupils apply the
reading skills to write a letter home, from one of		
the Pilgrims, about the Miller's Tale	Outcome: Peer assessed - pupils apply their reading	understanding of the unit to write and present
Curriculum mapping	and writing skills to rewrite a myth	speech on the theme of 'Saving the Planet'
Knowledge:	Curriculum Mapping:	Curriculum Mapping:
Characterisation of pilgrims + characters	Knowledge:	Poetic conventions
Comedic characters	Original sin	Romantic poets – focus on nature and
Morality	Characterisation	sublime – context
 Conventions of letter writing – 	Morality	 Conventions of speeches –
register/audience	Content:	register/tone/audience
<u>Content:</u>	Literacy foci:	Content:
 The Knight's Tale – Courtly love (Romeo) 	Punctuation control (for sense)	Goblin Market -creative writing from
 The Miller's Tale – comedy/smut 	Paragraphing with accuracy	Arthur Rackham illustrations > to writing
(Mercutio/The Nurse)		own poem
 The Pardoner's Tale – Hubris 		Selected Romantic poems to introduce
(Macbeth/Mr		context
Birling/Jekyll/Mercutio/Romeo/Juliet/Lady		Extract from M Gaw – paragraphing for
Macbeth)		effect
Beowulf?		 Non-fiction – articles, speeches on
Literacy foci:		environment/natural world
Register		Greta Thunberg
Accuracy of form		Literacy foci:
 Paragraphing rules 		Paragraphing for effect
		 Modal verbs

Year 8	The Modern Novel	The Gothic	Characters and Voices
	Main	Main	<u>Main</u>
	Focus: Noughts and Crosses	Focus: Macbeth	Focus: poetry – 'characters and voices'
	Core knowledge/skills: focus on how to read a	Core knowledge/skills: tracking character	Core knowledge/skills: how to identify, apply
	novel: setting, character, plot, themes, context	relationships across a play, how to interpret and	and analyse poetic features for meaning. A
	and language features. Develop pupils'	analyse Shakespearean language/staging and	focus on using annotation skills to formulate
	analytical writing further, with a focus on the	knowledge of the play's contextual backdrop	opinions on poems, using the what/how/why
	what/how/why approach	Outcome: Teacher Assessed - extract analysis on	method. Approaching poems as 'unseen' texts.
	Outcome: Teacher Assessed - extract analysis on	the presentation of Lady Macbeth (hubris)	Expose pupils to conventions of different writing
	tension	Curriculum Mapping	forms, crafting for specific audiences and
	Curriculum Mapping	Knowledge:	purposes
	Knowledge:	Elizabethan/Jacobean social, historical	Outcome: pupils will consolidate the skills
	 Codes and conventions of play scripts 	context	developed in the unit to write a poem or
	Context – class divide/society (AIC, ACC	Hubris – Macbeth and Lady Macbeth	autobiographical piece
	etc)	Codes and conventions of play scripts (day	Curriculum Mapping
	 Structure – Freytag – narrative structure 	and night)	Knowledge:
	Writer's Methods – Dual narrative	Tracking character development (Macbeth	Poetic conventions: form, structure,
	Tracking character development	and Lady Macbeth	devices etc
	Methods of characterisation	Comedic characters (The Porter)	Conventions of non-fiction texts-
	Morality	Persuasive methods – Lady Macbeth	register/audience – response to poem
		Conventions of tragedy	
	Content	Conventional gothic features	Enrichment
	Drama – use script extracts to emphasise	Symbolism – hallucinations, blood, water	Focus: Dickensian characters, with non-fiction
	tension in scenes: protest, court, hanging	 Motif – fair is foul and foul is fair, blood, 	texts used to develop pupils' contextual
	etc	manhood, the unnatural	understanding of the Victorian period
	Part de la caractería de la c	Morality	Core knowledge/skills: key contextual
	Enrichment	For the house of the	concerns/events of the Victorian period. Expose
	Focus: dystopian fiction extracts, with non-fiction	Enrichment	pupils to different non-fiction forms and their
	used to extend thinking of the genre's key	Focus: Gothic fiction extracts, with a focus on	conventions: speeches, letters, diaries and feature articles
	themes	nineteenth-century texts	

	Core knowledge/skills: conventions of	Core knowledge/skills: conventions of the Gothic	Outcome: Teacher Assessed - pupils will write in
	dystopian. A focus on crafting writing to meet	genre. A focus on crafting writing to meet	a variety of forms across the unit, crafting writing
	expectations of the genre, with a specific focus	expectations of the genre, with a specific focus on	for specific audiences and purposes,
	on creating settings	manipulating writing to create tension and suspense	culminating in an article (broadsheet) about the
	Outcome: Teacher Assessed - pupils write their	Outcome: Self-assessed - pupils write create a	Victorian era
	own dystopian fiction opening, with a specific	leaflet about gothic genre	Curriculum Mapping
	focus on creating setting	Curriculum Mapping	Knowledge:
	Curriculum mapping	Knowledge:	 19th century context: social and historical
	Knowledge:	 Conventional gothic features – 	 Conventions of non-fiction forms
	•	settings/characters etc.	Characterisation
		 Characterisation – stock characters 	
	Literacy foci:	 Structure – to build tension 	Literacy foci:
	 Sentence openings – a range of 		 Precision of word choice
		Literacy foci:	
		Using different sentence functions for effect	
Year 9	Crime and Mystery	Exploring Diversity	Shakespearean Tragedies
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Year 9			
Year 9	<u>Main</u>	Main	<u>Main</u>
Year 9	Main Focus: The Ruby in the Smoke	<u>Main</u> Focus: The Bone Sparrow v extracts from literature	<u>Main</u> Focus: an introduction to the conventions of the
Year 9	<u>Main</u> Focus: The Ruby in the Smoke Core knowledge/skills: focus on how to read a	Main Focus: The Bone Sparrow v extracts from literature from diverse perspectives	Main Focus: an introduction to the conventions of the tragedy genre and Romeo and Juliet
Year 9	<u>Main</u> Focus: The Ruby in the Smoke Core knowledge/skills: focus on how to read a novel at a GCSE level: setting, character, plot,	<u>Main</u> Focus: The Bone Sparrow v extracts from literature from diverse perspectives Core knowledge/skills: pupils are to develop their	<u>Main</u> Focus: an introduction to the conventions of the tragedy genre and Romeo and Juliet Core knowledge/skills: an understanding of the
Year 9	Main Focus: The Ruby in the Smoke Core knowledge/skills: focus on how to read a novel at a GCSE level: setting, character, plot, themes, context and language features.	MainFocus: The Bone Sparrow v extracts from literaturefrom diverse perspectivesCore knowledge/skills: pupils are to develop theircomparative skills, practising making connections	MainFocus: an introduction to the conventions of the tragedy genre and Romeo and JulietCore knowledge/skills: an understanding of the genre's conventions, an understanding of
Year 9	MainFocus: The Ruby in the SmokeCore knowledge/skills: focus on how to read anovel at a GCSE level: setting, character, plot,themes, context and language features.Develop pupils' analytical writing further, with a	MainFocus: The Bone Sparrow v extracts from literaturefrom diverse perspectivesCore knowledge/skills: pupils are to develop theircomparative skills, practising making connectionsbetween texts. Pupils are to consider the	MainFocus: an introduction to the conventions of the tragedy genre and Romeo and JulietCore knowledge/skills: an understanding of the genre's conventions, an understanding of Romeo and Juliet's plot and characters, and
Year 9	Main Focus: The Ruby in the Smoke Core knowledge/skills: focus on how to read a novel at a GCSE level: setting, character, plot, themes, context and language features. Develop pupils' analytical writing further, with a focus on integrating relevant context and	MainFocus: The Bone Sparrow v extracts from literaturefrom diverse perspectivesCore knowledge/skills: pupils are to develop theircomparative skills, practising making connectionsbetween texts. Pupils are to consider theimportance of point of view and how this affects	MainFocus: an introduction to the conventions of the tragedy genre and Romeo and JulietCore knowledge/skills: an understanding of the genre's conventions, an understanding of Romeo and Juliet's plot and characters, and the play's Elizabethan context
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Year 9	MainFocus: The Ruby in the SmokeCore knowledge/skills: focus on how to read anovel at a GCSE level: setting, character, plot,themes, context and language features.Develop pupils' analytical writing further, with afocus on integrating relevant context andtracking characters across the whole of texts,with evaluative reading	MainFocus: The Bone Sparrow v extracts from literature from diverse perspectivesCore knowledge/skills: pupils are to develop their comparative skills, practising making connections between texts. Pupils are to consider the importance of point of view and how this affects meaning.Outcome: students will write an essay comparing	MainFocus: an introduction to the conventions of the tragedy genre and Romeo and JulietCore knowledge/skills: an understanding of the genre's conventions, an understanding of Romeo and Juliet's plot and characters, and the play's Elizabethan contextOutcome: Teacher Assessed - final knowledge- based test on the play's plot, characters, and
Year 9	MainFocus: The Ruby in the SmokeCore knowledge/skills: focus on how to read a novel at a GCSE level: setting, character, plot, themes, context and language features.Develop pupils' analytical writing further, with a focus on integrating relevant context and tracking characters across the whole of texts, with evaluative readingOutcome: extract analysis on Ruby	MainFocus: The Bone Sparrow v extracts from literature from diverse perspectivesCore knowledge/skills: pupils are to develop their comparative skills, practising making connections between texts. Pupils are to consider the importance of point of view and how this affects meaning.Outcome: students will write an essay comparing presentations of power in extracts from 'The Bone	MainFocus: an introduction to the conventions of the tragedy genre and Romeo and JulietCore knowledge/skills: an understanding of the genre's conventions, an understanding of Romeo and Juliet's plot and characters, and the play's Elizabethan contextOutcome: Teacher Assessed - final knowledge- based test on the play's plot, characters, and key quotations

 Writer's Methods – Third person 	 Structure – Freytag and cyclical structure 	Mercutio)
limited/subjective	 Writer's methods – third person omniscient 	Hubris – Romeo, Juliet, Mercutio
 Conventional gothic/mystery features – settings/characters/diaries/letters etc. 	• Symbolism – Shakespeare duck, the sea etc.	 Elizabethan/Jacobean social, historical context
 Tracking character development 	Enrichment	Codes and conventions of play scripts
Methods of characterisation	Focus: the theme of 'diversity' in fiction and non- fiction	(entrances and exits)
<u>Enrichment</u>	Core knowledge/skills: exposure to a range of texts	Enrichment
Focus: the crime and mystery genre in the	to develop pupils' understanding of what is meant	Focus: GCSE Spoken Language component
nineteen-century	by 'an outsider'. Pupils use this exposure to	Core knowledge/skills: an understanding of the
Core knowledge/skills: building resilience	experiment with crafting characters in prose, with a	different functions of talk, how spoken language
surrounding 19 th century vocabulary, learning	specific focus on voice, dialogue and manipulating	varies according to context and how to
what crime and punishment was like in the	structure for effect	engage an audience
Victorian period and the conventions of the	Outcome: Teacher Assessed - pupils apply their	Outcome: pupils will write and deliver their GCSE
crime/mystery genre. Redrafting texts from	understanding of characters to create a short story	Spoken Language component
alternative points of view	from a picture stimulus	Curriculum mapping
Outcome: pupils will apply their understanding of	Curriculum mapping	Knowledge:
the crime and mystery genre to create a	Knowledge:	Conventions of non-fiction forms
'tabloid' piece of a story of their interest	 Conventions of non-fiction forms 	 Structure – of non-fiction texts
Curriculum mapping	 Structure – Freytag – narrative structure 	
Knowledge:	Narrative perspective	
 Poetic conventions: form, structure, 	Morality	Literacy foci:
devices etc		Word choice for deliberate effect
 19th century context: literary (Penny 		
Dreadful) social and historical	Literacy foci:	
 Conventions of non-fiction forms – reports 	Controlled sentence structures	
Morality		
Literacy foci:		

• Working with context

• Comedic characters (The Nurse,

Use of ambitious punctuation

• Structure – Freytag – narrative structure