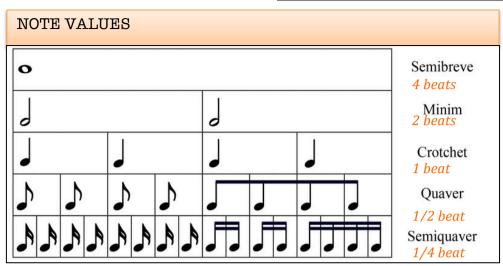
Year 7 Music - Knowledge Organiser - The Orchestra Project

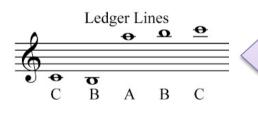


| Orchestra Families | | | | | |
|--------------------|-------------|----------|----------|--------------|-----------|
| Strings | | Brass | Woodwind | Percussion | |
| Bowed | Plucked | | | Tuned | Untuned |
| (arco) | (pizzicato) | | | | |
| Violin | Harp | Trumpet | Piccolo | Piano | Bass Drum |
| Viola | Harpsichord | French | Flute | Xylophone | Snare |
| | | Horn | | | Drum |
| Cello | | Trombone | Oboe | Glockenspiel | Cymbals |
| Double | | Tuba | Clarinet | Timpani | Triangle |
| Bass | | | | | |
| | | | Bassoon | | Gong |

NOTES IN THE TREBLE CLEF



For the notes on the lines think 'Every Green Bus Drives Fast'



Ledger lines are added once the notes go higher or lower than the stave

The Instrumental Families

WOODWIND: A selection of instruments divided into 2 subfamilies: flutes and reeds. Flutes create sound by air passing over a small hole. It creased a light breathy tone. Reed instruments use a piece of bamboo reed to create a vibration.

PERCUSSION: Instruments which are hit. These fall into 2 subfamilies: tuned (able to play different pitch) and untuned (e.g. drums)

STRINGS: Made from **wood** and have **strings**. They are usually played with a **bow** but can also be **plucked** (called pizzicato).

BRASS: Made out of metal. The sound vibrations are created by the players lips.

CONDUCTOR: Stands at the front of an orchestra and *directs it*. They will indicate the main beats in the music using a 'baton'. All musicians look at the conductor whilst playing as they are *ultimately in control of the whole piece*.

