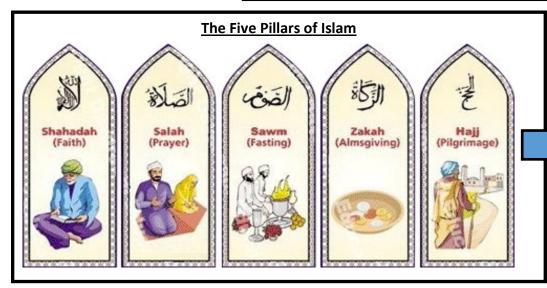
Knowledge Organiser: Codes of Conduct



Christian Codes of Conduct

Christians follow the **Ten Commandments**, believed to have been given to Moses by God after the Israelites had been freed from Egyptian slavery. They are written in the Bible, in the book of

Exodus which is part of the Old Testament. The commandments formed a covenant (special agreement and bond) between God and the Israelites.

In the New Testament, Jesus' teaching forms the main moral teaching. Jesus taught using <u>parables</u> (story with deeper meanings and a moral message). In the **Parable of** Do not worship any other gods Do not make any idols Do not misuse God's name Keep the sabbath holy

Honour your father & mother Do not murder Do not commit adultery Do not steal Do not lie Do not covet

the Good Samaritan, Jesus taught that you should 'love your neighbour'. This means showing everyone unconditional love, even those who may be considered your enemies. He also taught the **Parable of the Lost Son**. In this, Jesus taught that everyone will be shown forgiveness by God, just as the father in the story forgave his son who had left the family home and spent all of his inheritance before his father had even died!

The Five Pillars of Islam

Shahadah (Faith): This is their declaration of faith: 'there is no God accept Allah; Muhammad is the messenger of Allah'. Salah (Prayer): Praying 5 times a day facing Mecca. Before praying they wash their hands and feet. Sawm (fasting): Muslims must not have food or drink during Ramadan at daylight hours. Zakah (Almsgiving): Giving money (about 2.5% of their savings) to charity or the poor. Hajj (Pilgrimage): Every Muslim who is able bodied and can afford to, should make the journey to Mecca at least once in their lifetime and perform Hajj as a pilgrimage.

Muslims believe that these Pillars are the foundation of their religion and are important rules.

Buddhist Codes of Conduct

Buddhists have guideline that they follow which they believe will bring them close to enlightenment. The Buddha have his followers **<u>Five Precepts</u>** to follow:

1. Do not harm any living creature (Ahimsa), including animals as all life is sacred

2. Do not take what is not freely given to you (refrain from stealing from others)

3. Avoid sexual misconduct: any sexual activity which causes harm such as adultery

4. Avoid lying and gossip (incorrect speech) as this can cause harm to others

5. Avoid intoxicants such as drugs and alcohol as these cloud the mind and affect judgement.

They also follow the No-Right view ble Eightfold Path which (know the truth) is the 4th of their Four **Right mindfulness Right intentions** Noble Truths. This Path (control your thoughts) (free your mind of evil) guides them towards skilful actions which are root-**Right speech** Right concentration () ed in compassion and (say nothing that hurts others) (practice meditation) generosity and away from unskilful actions rooted in hatred and greed. This **Right effort** Right action (resist evil) (work for the good of others) creates good karma and **Right livelihood** brings them closer to en-(respect life) lightenment.